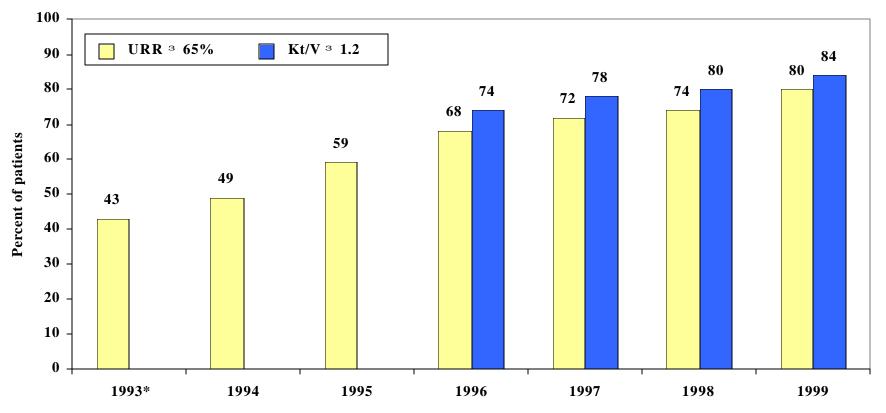
Figure 2: Percent of adult (aged $^{\circ}$ 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients with mean URR $^{\circ}$ 65% in October–December 1999 compared to October–December 1993*, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, and 1998 and percent of patients with mean Kt/V $^{\circ}$ 1.2**, October–December 1999 compared to October–December 1996, 1997, and 1998. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.



^{*}Sixteen Network areas participated in the first ESRD Core Indicators assessment (October-December 1993); all Network areas participated in subsequent years.



^{**}Information to calculate Kt/V was not collected until 1996.

Figure 3: Distribution of mean Kt/V values for adult (aged ³ 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients, October–December 1999 compared to October–December 1996, 1997, and 1998. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

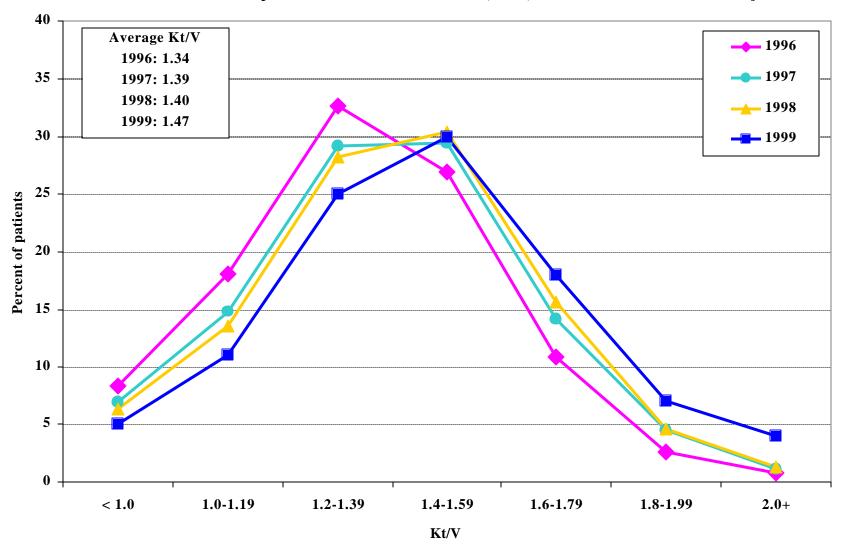
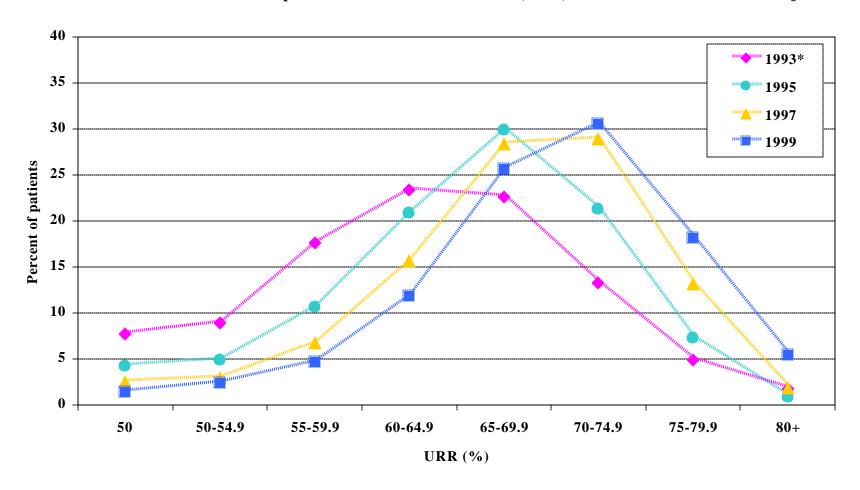




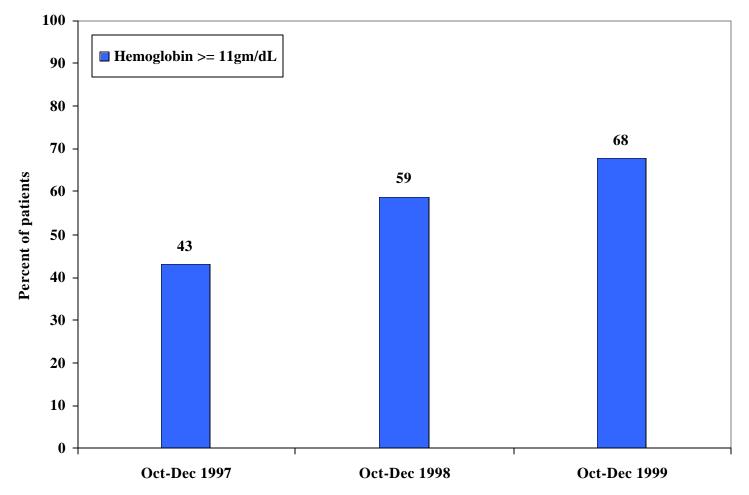
Figure 3a: Distribution of mean URR values for adult (aged ³ 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients, October-December 1999 compared to October-December 1993*, 1995, and 1997. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.



*Sixteen Network areas participated in the first ESRD Core Indicators assessment (October–December 1993); all Network areas participated in subsequent years.



Figure 4: Percent of adult (aged ³ 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients with mean hemoglobin ³ 11 gm/dL, October–December 1999 compared to October–December 1997 and 1998. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.



The relationship between hematocrit and hemoglobin differs significantly depending upon the instrumentation used to measure them and therefore are not comparable. (1)





Figure 5: Distribution of mean hemoglobin values for adult (aged ³ 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients, October–December 1999 compared to October–December 1997 and 1998. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

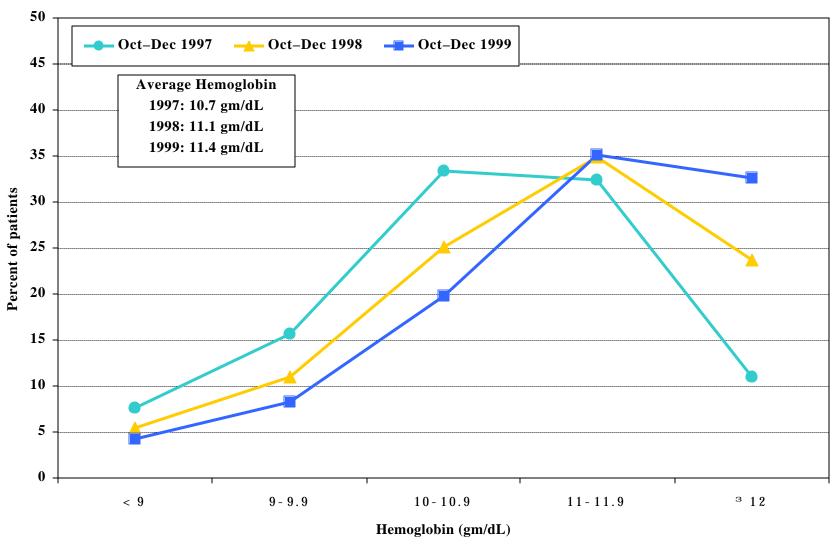
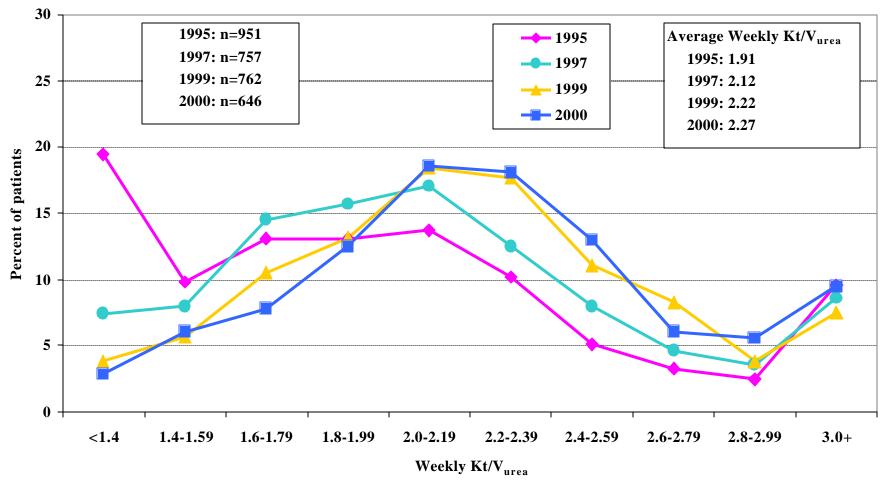




Figure 6: Distribution of mean weekly Kt/V_{urea} values for adult (aged 3 18 years) CAPD patients, October 1999-March 2000 compared to November 1994-April 1995, November 1996-April 1997, and October 1998-March 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

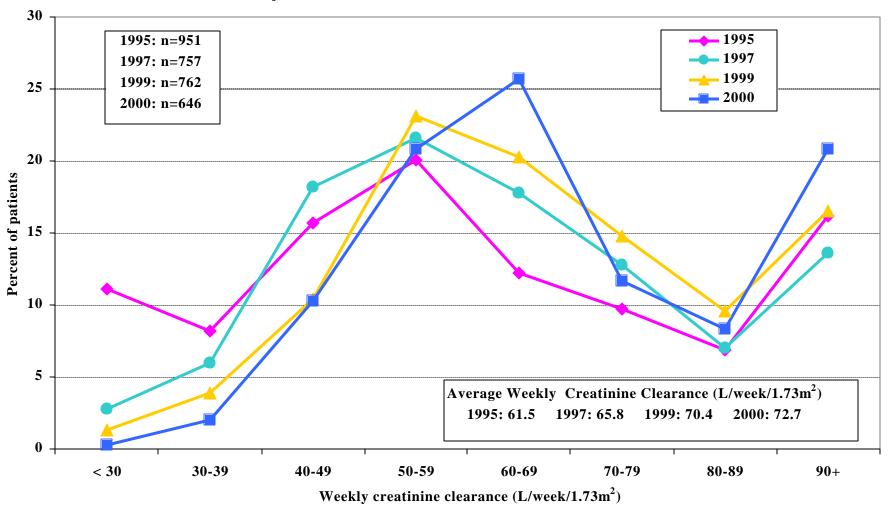


n=number of CAPD patients in the sample





Figure 7: Distribution of mean weekly creatinine clearance values (L/week/1.73m²) for adult (aged ³18 years) CAPD patients, October 1999-March 2000 compared to November 1994-April 1995, November 1996-April 1997, and October 1998 March 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.



n=number of CAPD patients in the sample





Figure 8: Distribution of mean hemoglobin values for adult (aged 3 18 years) peritoneal dialysis patients October 1999-March 2000 compared to November 1997-April 1998 and October 1998-March 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

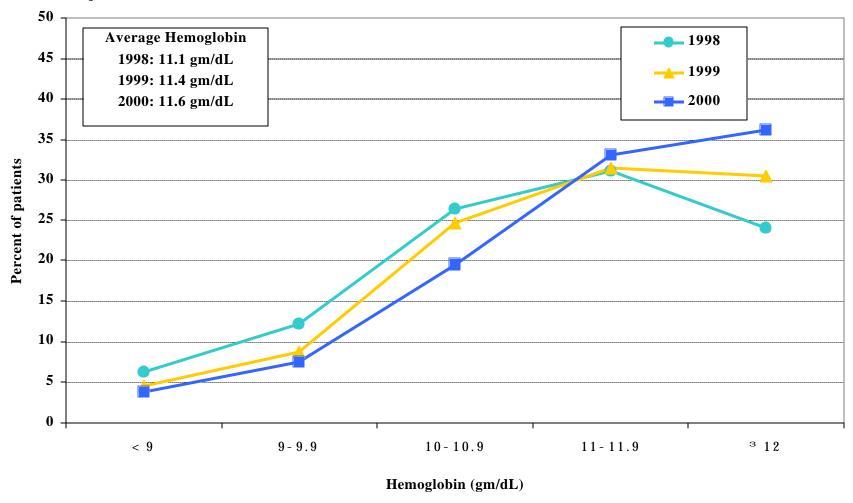




Figure 9: Distribution of mean delivered Kt/V values for adult (aged ³ 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients, October-December 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

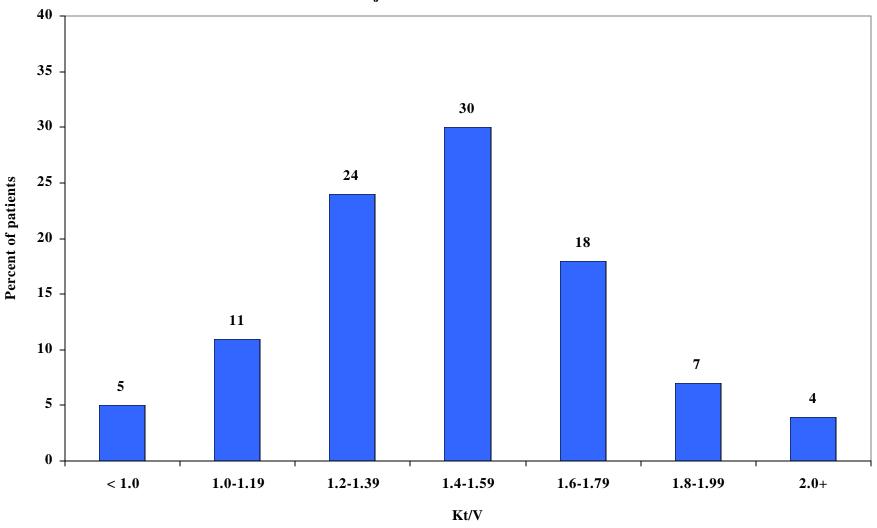




Figure 10: Percent of adult (aged 3 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients with mean delivered Kt/V 3 1.2, by race and gender, October–December 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

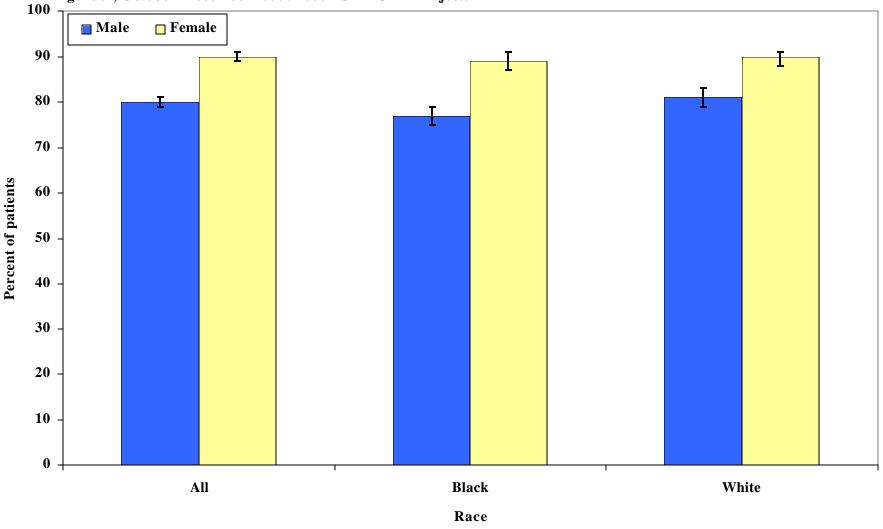
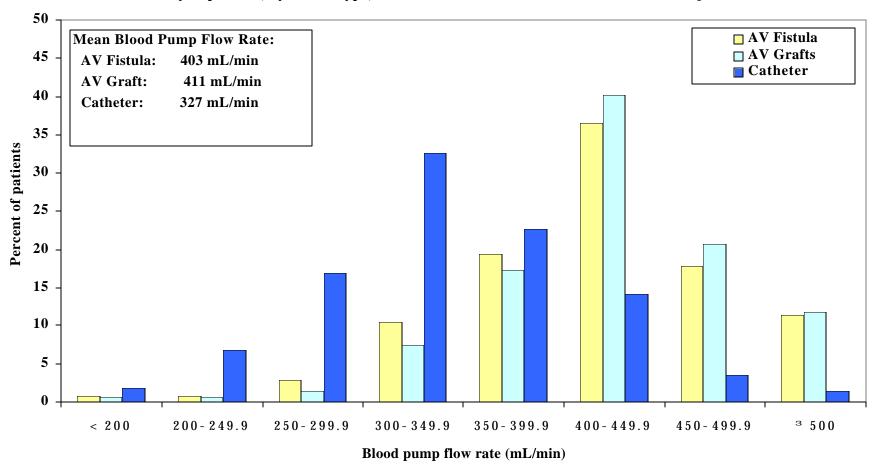




Figure 11: Distribution of mean blood pump flow rates 60 minutes into the dialysis session for adult (aged ³ 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients, by access type, October–December 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.



Note: Actual blood flow delivered to the dialyzer may be lower than the prescribed pump blood flow (24). This is particularly true for catheters where differences between delivered and prescribed blood flow to the dialyzer of 25% or more may exist at prescribed blood pump flow rates of 400 mL/min or more (25).



TABLE A: Percent of adult (aged ³ 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients receiving dialysis with a mean delivered URR ³ 65%, October-December 1999, by gender, race, and Network. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

	NETWORK																		
PATIENT CHARACTERISTIC	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	US
ALL	86	73	78	81	79	81	79	80	82	73	74	81	73	90	82	84	77	79	80
RACE																			
African-American	81	65	76	83	80	82	77	81	78	71	67	79	70	86	66	80	65	75	77
Caucasian	87	77	83	80	77	79	80	80	84	73	77	81	76	92	83	85	74	80	81
MEN																			
African-American	81	60	70	77	71	71	71	70	73	60	62	72	55	83	55	77	58	61	69
Caucasian	84	75	79	74	66	75	75	76	80	64	68	79	63	84	78	82	69	77	76
WOMEN																			
African-American	81	71	84	89	90	94	82	91	83	84	76	86	83	90	83	86	75	85	86
Caucasian	91	80	91	86	92	85	88	84	87	83	88	84	90	99	90	90	80	83	88

Note: A delivered URR of 65% does not necessarily correlate with a delivered Kt/V of 1.2.



Figure 12: Percent of adult (aged ³ 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients receiving dialysis with a mean delivered Kt/V ³ 1.2, by Network, October–December 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

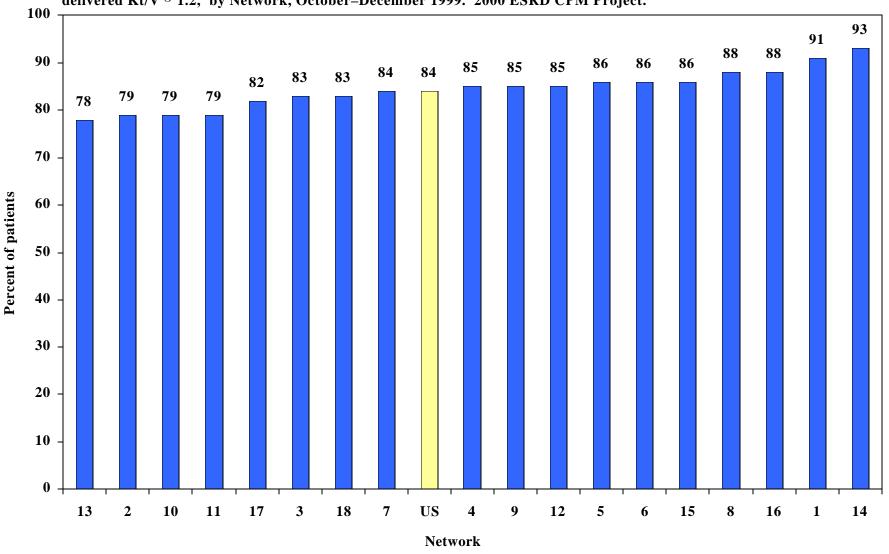




Figure 13: Percent of adult (aged ≥ 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients receiving dialysis with a mean delivered Kt/V ≥ 1.2 by Network, October - December 1999, 2000 ESRD CPM Project. 16 9 15 6 Puerto Rico 78% - 82% 83% - 87% 88% - 93%





Figure 14: Percent of adult (aged ³ 18 years) male in-center hemodialysis patients with mean delivered Kt/V ³ 1.2, by race, October–December 1999 compared to October–December 1996, 1997, and 1998. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

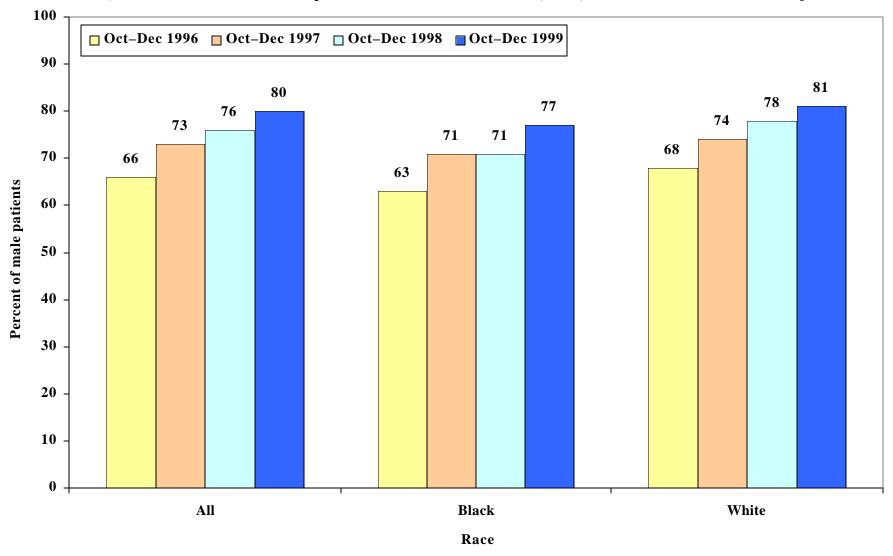




Figure 15: Percent of adult (aged 3 18 years) female in-center hemodialysis patients with mean delivered Kt/V 3 1.2, by race, October–December 1999 compared to October–December 1996, 1997, and 1998. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

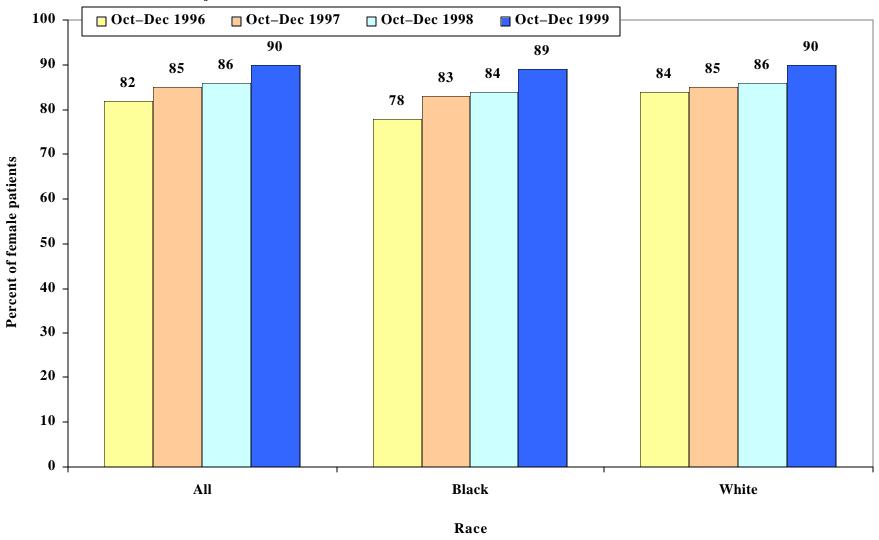
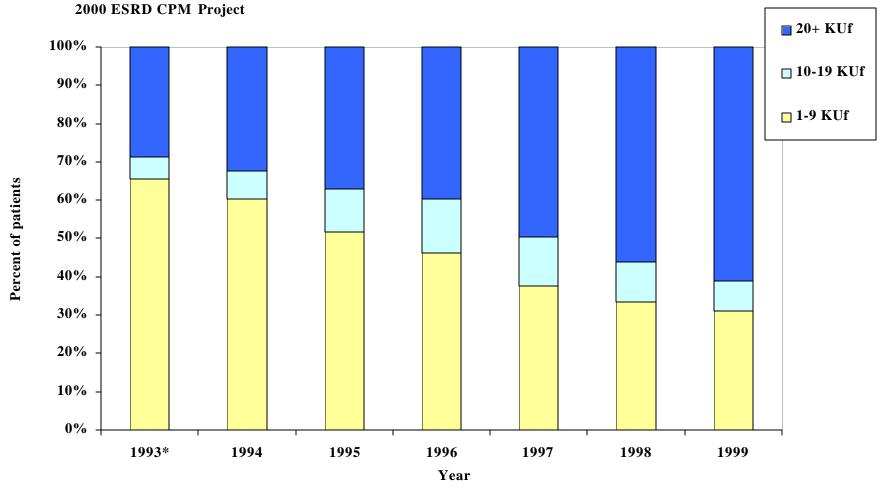




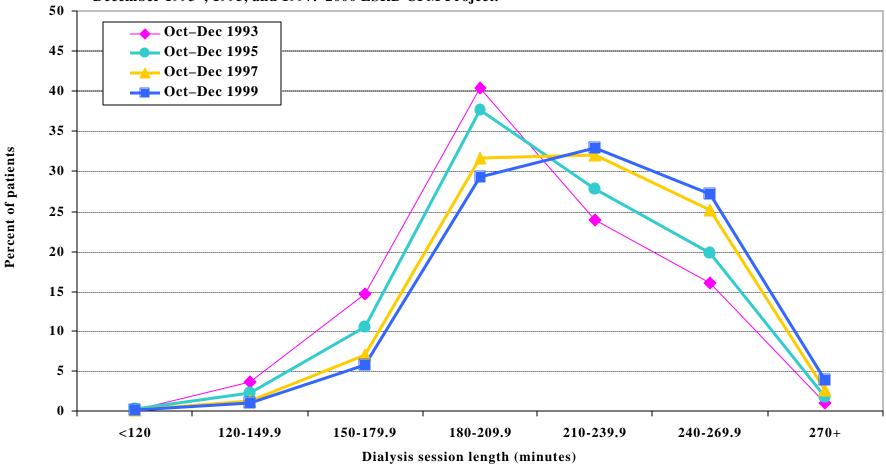
Figure 16: Percent of adult (aged \$318 years) in-center hemodialysis patients dialyzed by dialyzer KUf category, October-December 1999 compared to October-December 1993*, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, and 1998.



*Sixteen Network areas participated in the first ESRD Core Indicators assessment (October-December 1993); all Network areas participated in subsequent years.



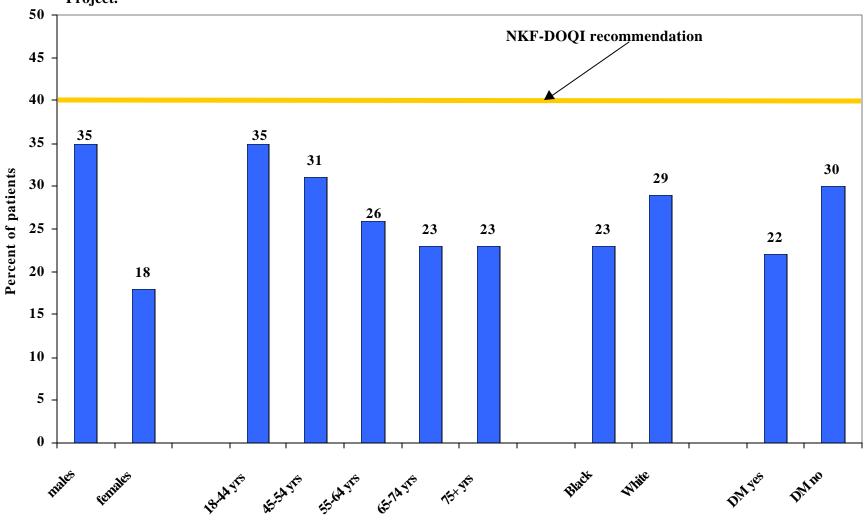
Figure 17: Distribution of mean dialysis session length (minutes), October-December 1999 compared to October-December 1993*, 1995, and 1997. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.



*Sixteen Network areas participated in the first ESRD Core Indicators assessment (October-December 1993); all Network areas participated in subsequent years.



Figure 18: Percent of all adult (aged ³18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients dialyzed with an AV fistula on their last hemodialysis session during October-December 1999, by patient characteristics. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.





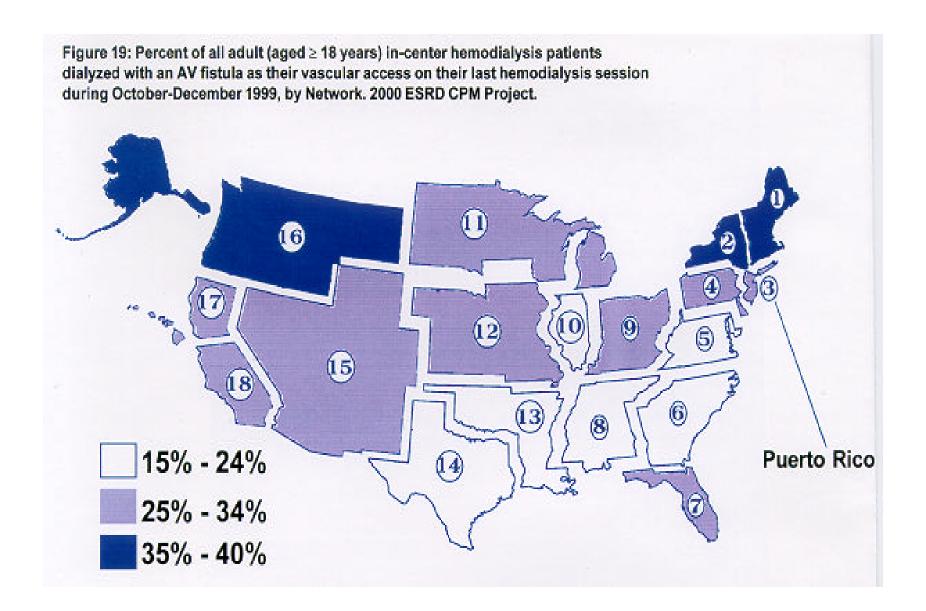






Figure 20: Percent of all adult (aged ≥ 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients dialyzed with a catheter as their vascular access on their last hemodialysis session during October - December 1999, by Network. 2000 ESRD CPM Project. (16) 6 (15) 6 15% - 19% Puerto Rico 14 20% - 24% 25% - 30%





Figure 21: Percent of adult (aged 318 years) in-center hemodial; ysis patinets (all and incident) dialyzed with a catheter on their last hemodialysis session during October-December 1999 compared to October-December 1998. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

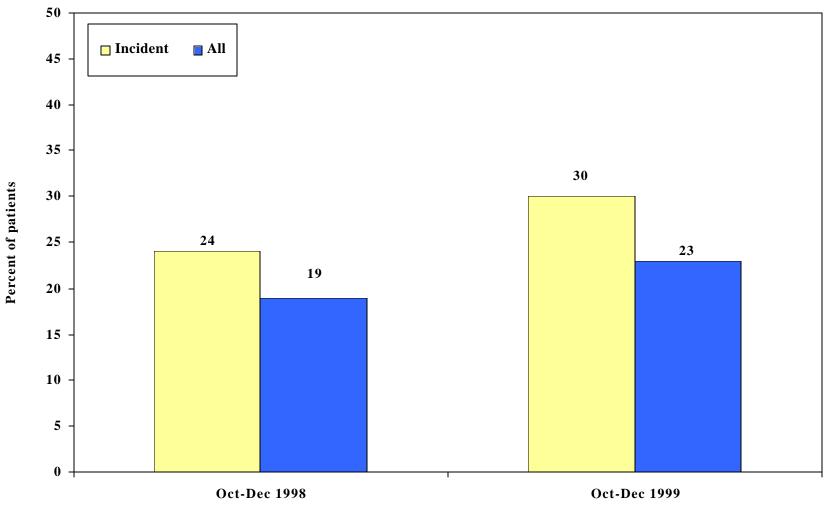
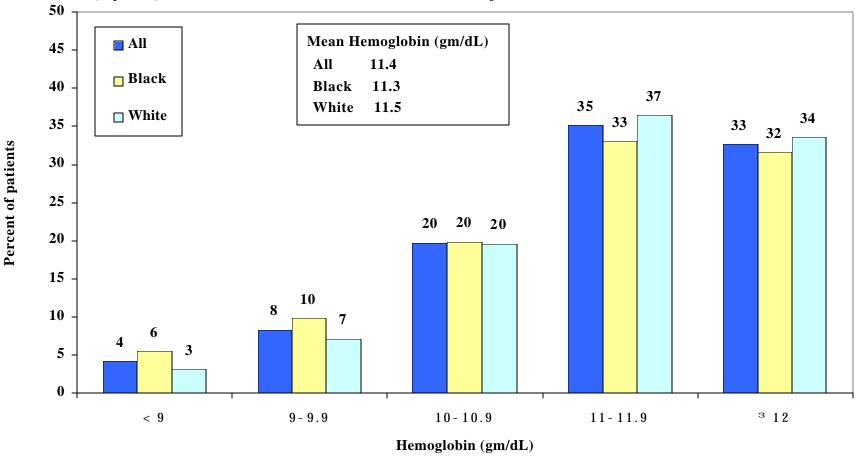




Figure 22: Distribution of mean hemoglobin values for adult (aged ³ 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients in the US, by race, October–December 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.



Note: The values appearing above the bars in the graph have been rounded; the bars, however, represent unrounded values.



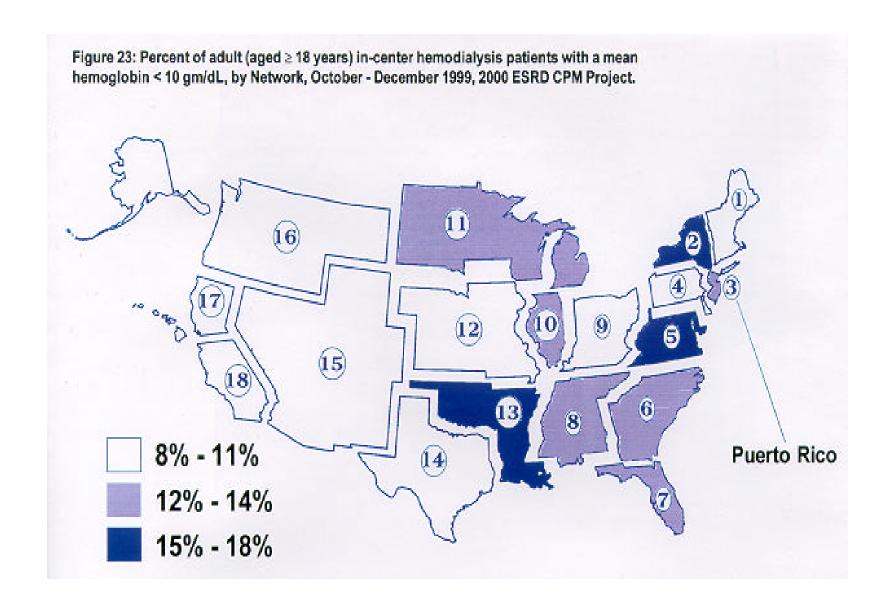






Figure 24: Percent of adult (aged 3 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients prescribed Epoetin with mean hemoglobin 11-12.9 gm/dL, by age and race, October–December 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

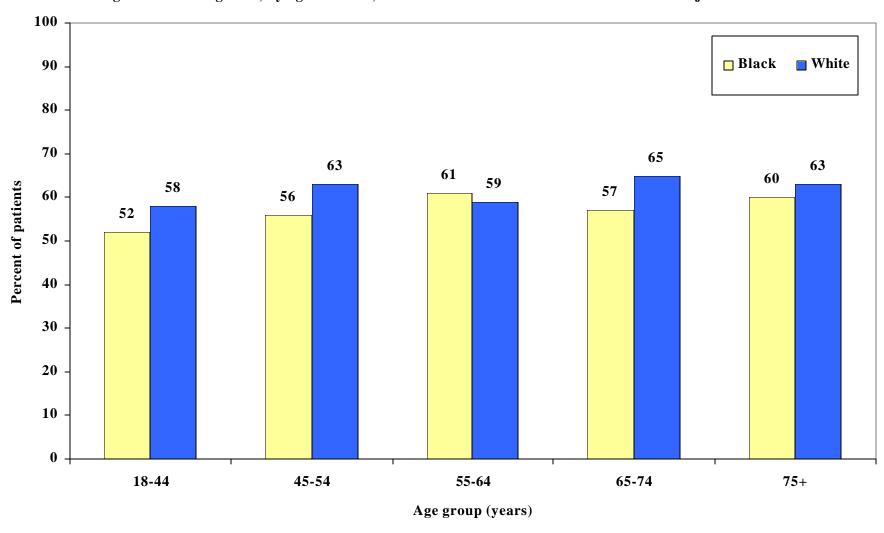
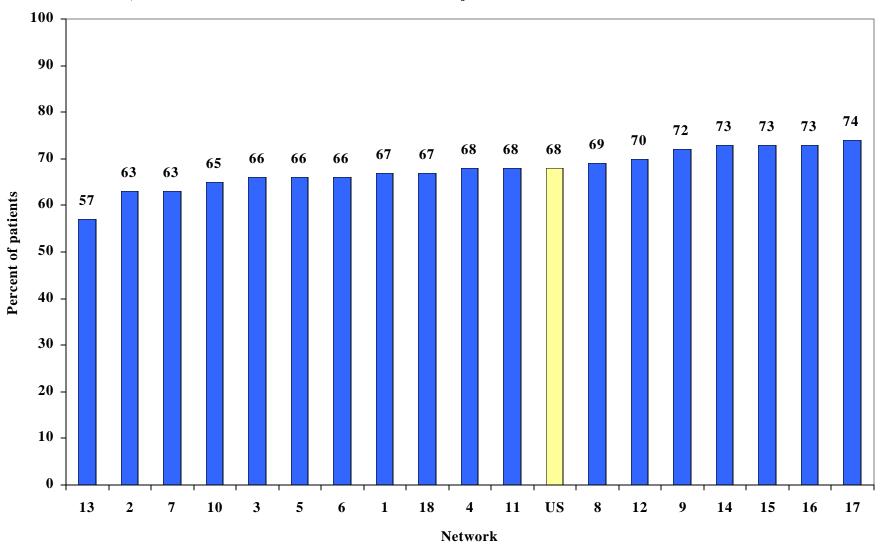




Figure 25: Percent of adult (aged 3 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients with mean hemoglobin 3 11 gm/dL, by Network, October–December 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.





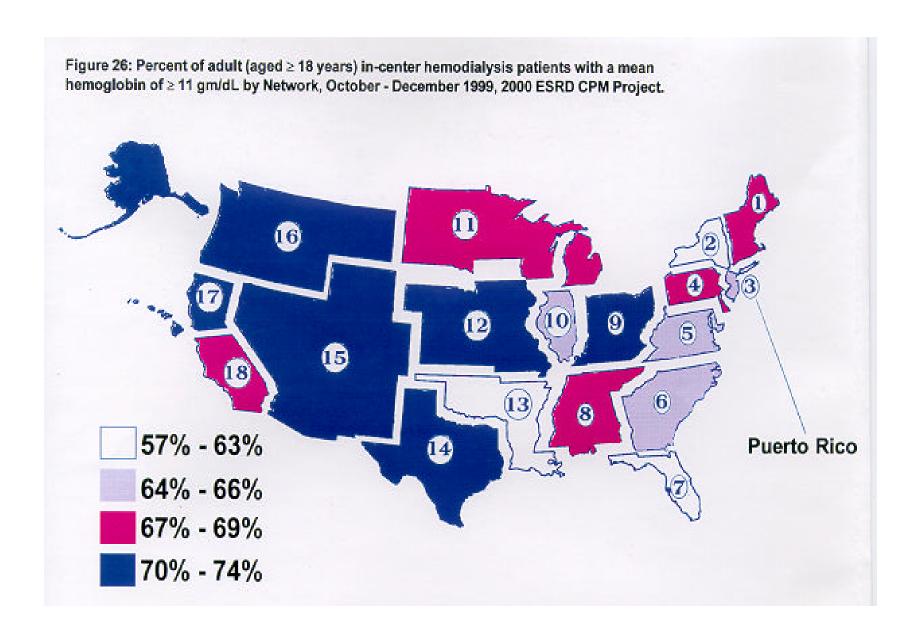






Figure 27: Percent of adult (aged ³ 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients with mean hemoglobin values ³ 11 gm/dL, by race, October–December 1999 compared to October–December 1997 and 1998. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

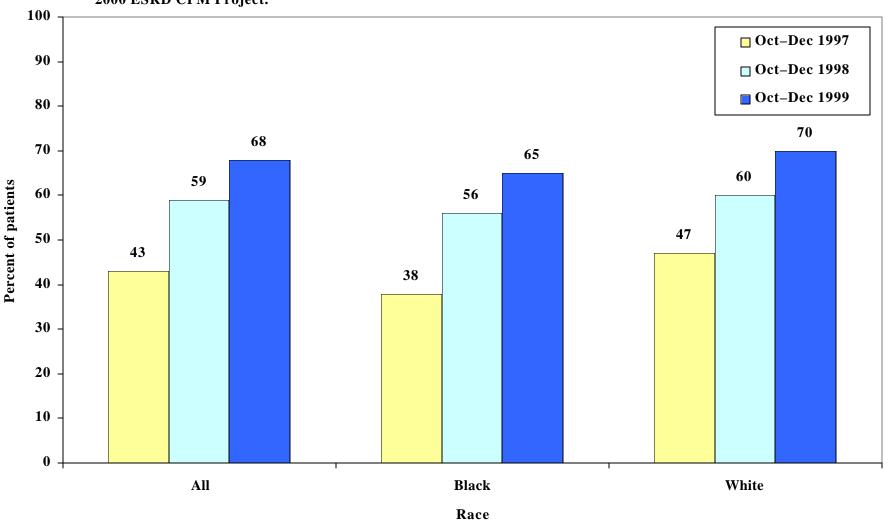




Figure 28: Percent of adult (aged ³ 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients who were prescribed Epoetin by hemoglobin category, October–December 1999 compared to October–December 1997 and

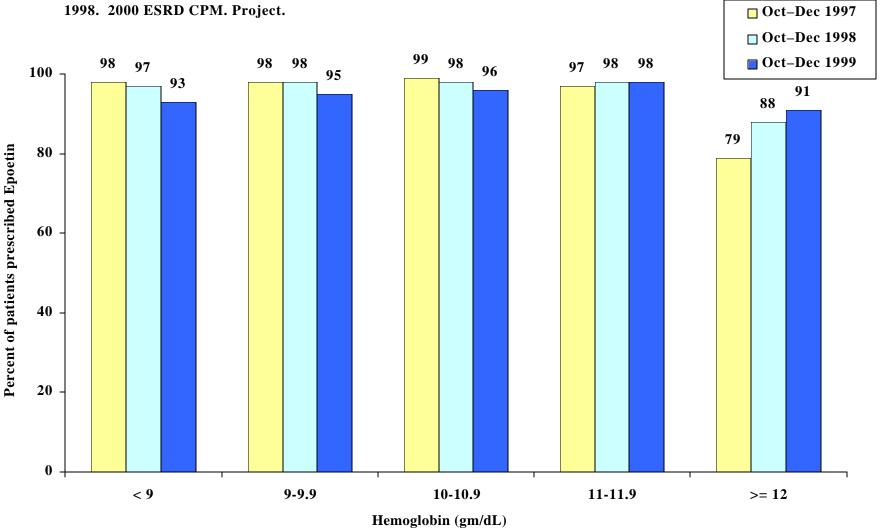




Figure 29: Mean prescribed Epoetin dose (units/kg/dose) for adult (aged ³ 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients, by hemoglobin category and route of administration, October–December 1999 compared to October–December 1997 and 1998. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

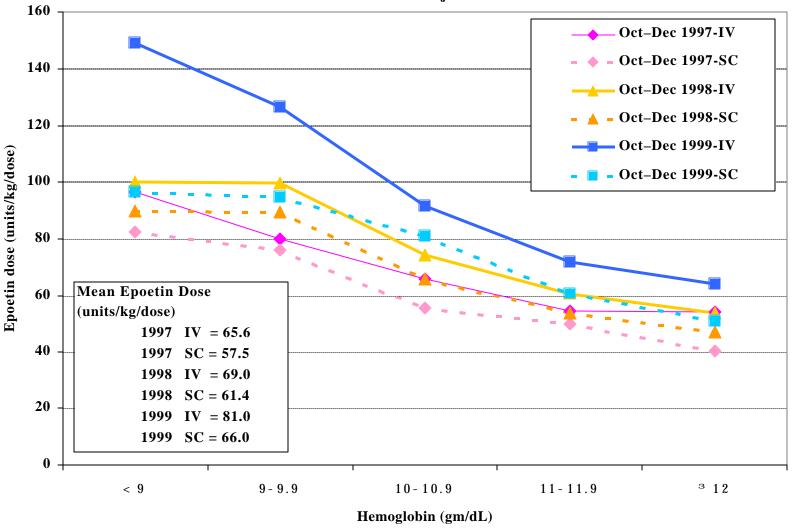




Figure 30: Percent of adult (aged 3 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients prescribed intravenous iron, with mean transferrin saturation 3 20%, mean serum ferritin concentration 3 100 ng/mL and > 800 ng/mL, and with both mean transferrin saturation < 20% and mean serum ferritin concentration < 100 ng/mL, October–December 1999 compared to October-December 1996, 1997, and 1998. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

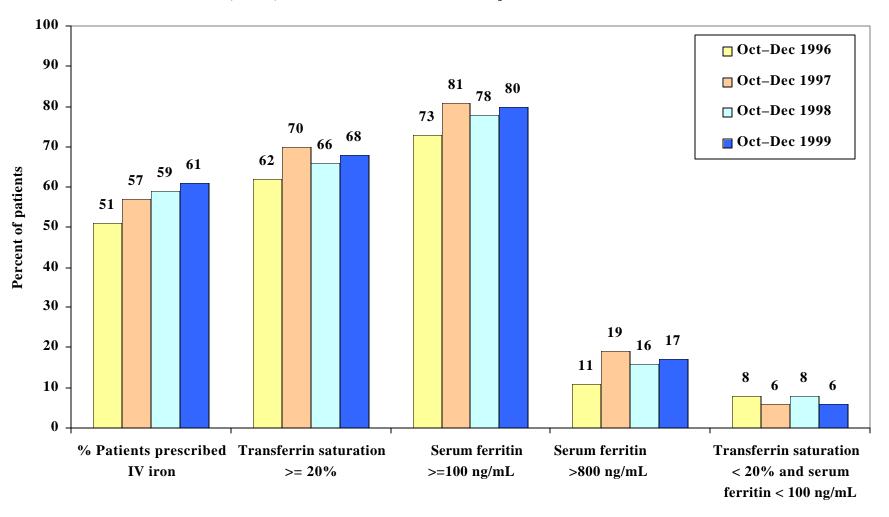
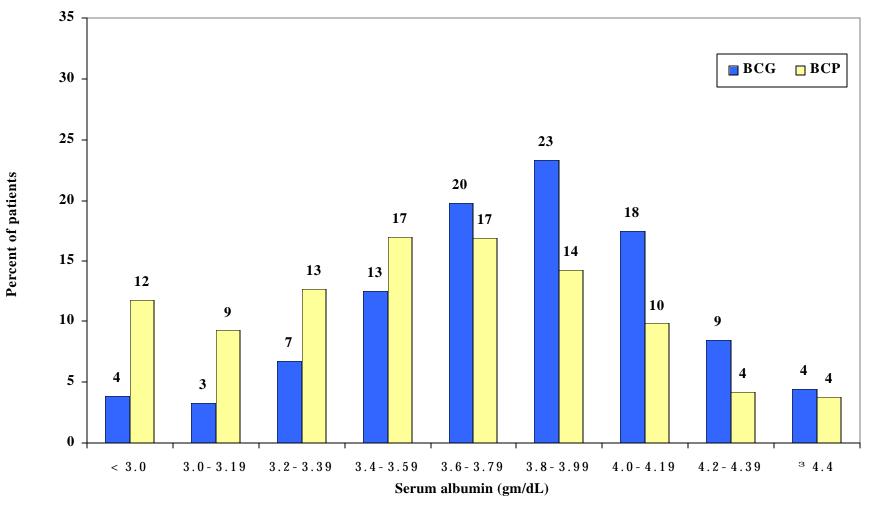




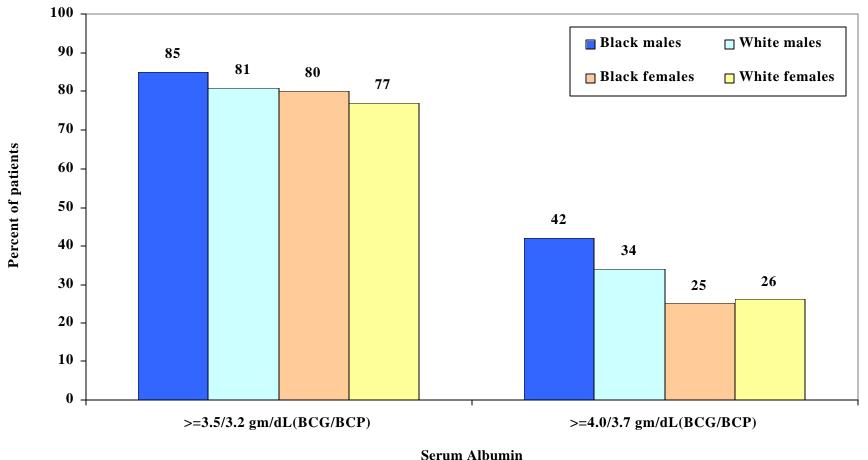
Figure 31: Distribution of mean serum albumin for adult (aged 318 years) in-center hemodialysis patients, by laboratory method*, October-December 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.



^{*} Laboratory method: BCG = bromcresol green; BCP = bromcresol purple



Figure 32: Percent of adult (aged ³ 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients with mean serum albumin ³ 3.5/3.2 gm/dL (BCG/BCP)* and with mean serum albumin ³ 4.0/3.7 gm/dL (BCG/BCP), by race and gender, October–December 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

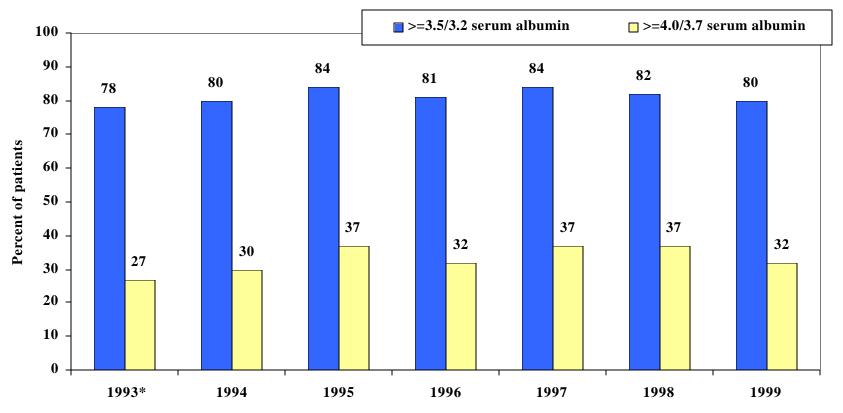


2 **42 Waa** 1 **21** 0 **Waa**

* Laboratory method: BCG = bromcresol green; BCP = bromcresol purple



Figure 33: Percent of adult (aged ³ 18 years) in-center hemodialysis patients with mean serum albumin ³ 3.5/3.2 gm/dL (BCG/BCP)** and ³ 4.0/3.7 gm/dL (BCG/BCP), October-December 1999 compared to October-December 1993*, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, and 1998. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.



*Sixteen Network areas participated in the first ESRD Core Indicators assessment (October-December 1993); all Network areas participated in subsequent years.

**Note BCG = bromcresol green laboratory method BCP = bromcresol purple laboratory method





Figure 34: Estimated percent of adult (aged ³ 18 years) peritoneal dialysis patients with at least one adequacy assessment October 1999-March 2000, compared to November 1994-April 1995, November 1995-April 1996, November 1996-April 1997, November 1997-April 1998, and October 1998-March 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

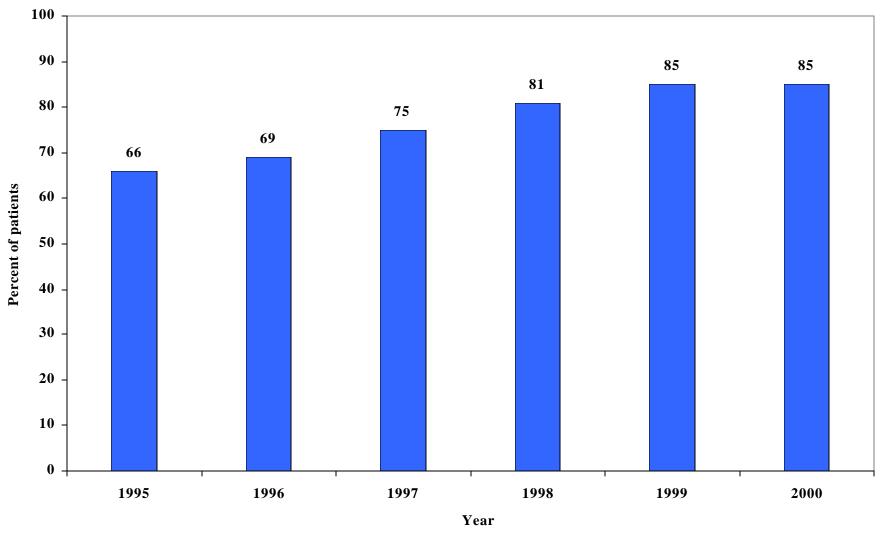
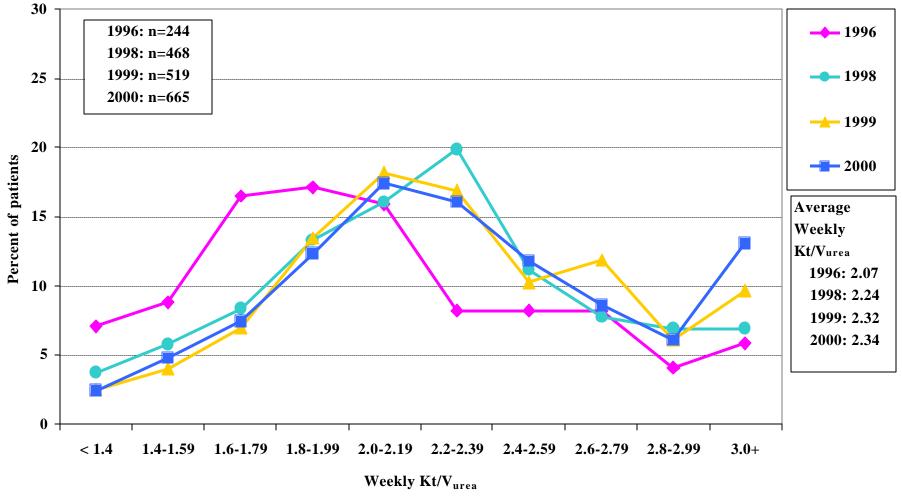




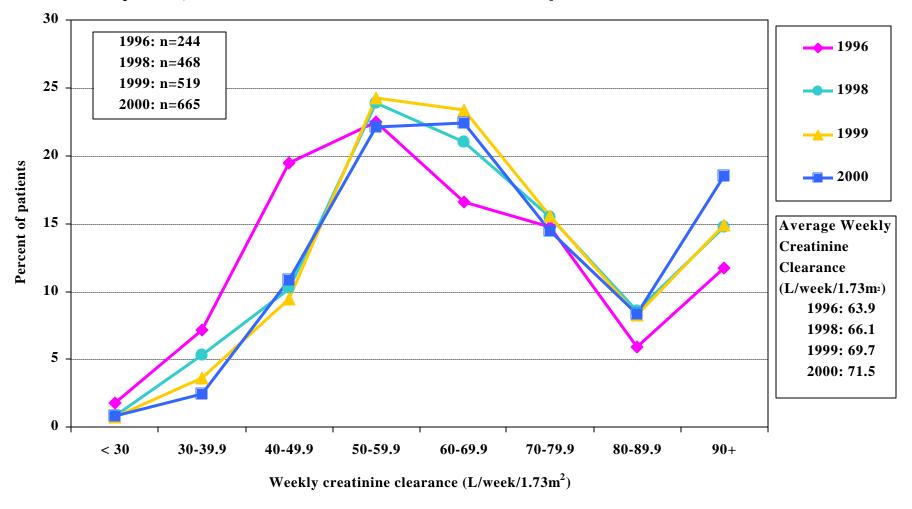
Figure 35: Distribution of mean weekly Kt/V_{urea} for adult (aged 3 18 years) cycler patients with a daytime dwell, October 1999–March 2000 compared to November 1995–April 1996, November 1997–April 1998, and October 1998-March 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.



n=number of cycler patients with a daytime dwell in the sample



Figure 36: Distribution of mean weekly creatinine clearance (L/week/1.73m²) for adult (aged ³ 18 years) cycler patients with a daytime dwell, October 1999–March 2000 compared to November 1995–April 1996, November 1997–April 1998, and October 1998-March 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

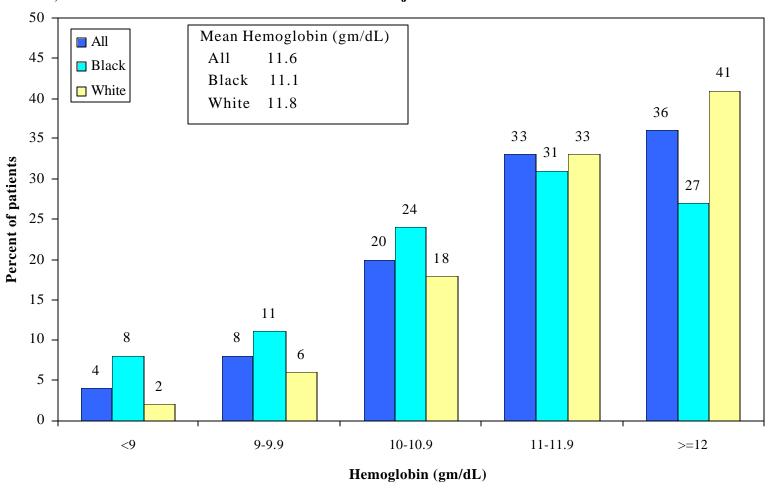


n=number of cycler patients with a daytime dwell in the sample





Figure 37: Distribution of mean hemoglobin values for adult (aged 3 18 years) peritoneal dialysis patients in the US, by race, October 1999–March 2000. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.



Note: The values appearing above the bars in the graph have been rounded.



Figure 38: Percent of adult (aged 318 years) peritoneal dialysis patients with mean hemoglobin < 10 gm/dL, by race, October 1999-March 2000 compared to November 1997-April 1998 and October 1998-March 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

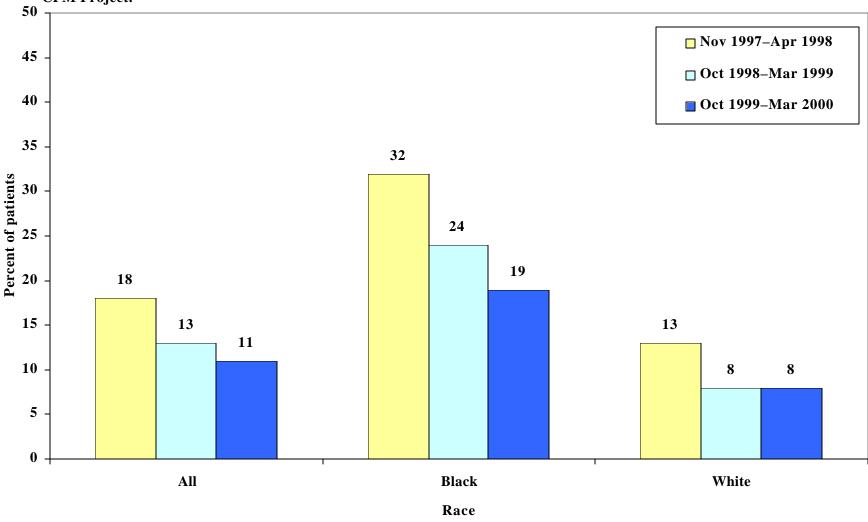




Figure 39: Distribution of mean transferrin saturation values (%) for adult (aged 3 18 years) peritoneal dialysis patients, October 1999-March 2000 compared to November 1996-April 1997, November 1997-April 1998, and October 1998-March 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

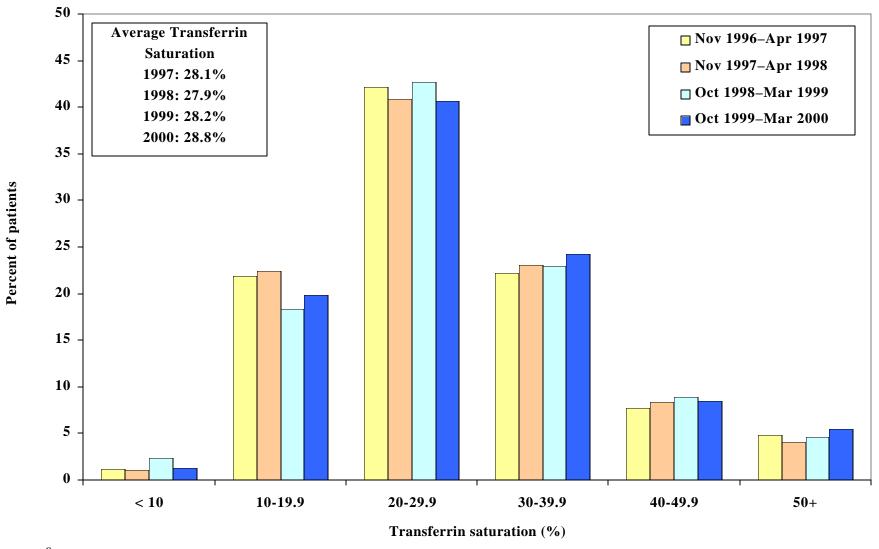


Figure 40: Distribution of mean serum ferritin concentration (ng/mL) for adult (aged ³ 18 years) peritoneal dialysis patients, October 1999-March 2000 compared to November 1996-April 1997, November 1997-April 1998, and October 1998-March 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

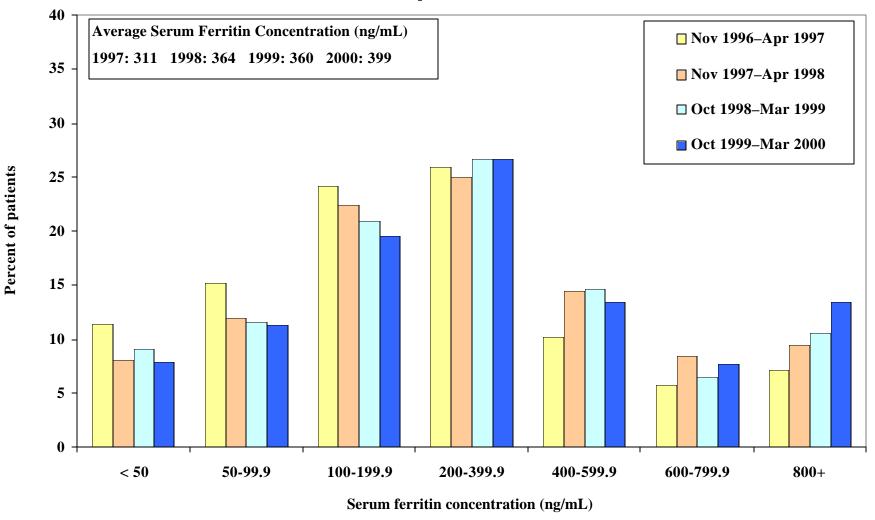




Figure 41: Mean Epoetin dose (units/kg/dose) by hemoglobin category for adult (aged ³ 18 years) peritoneal dialysis patients prescribed Epoetin October 1999-March 2000 compared to November 1997-April 1998 and October 1998-March 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.

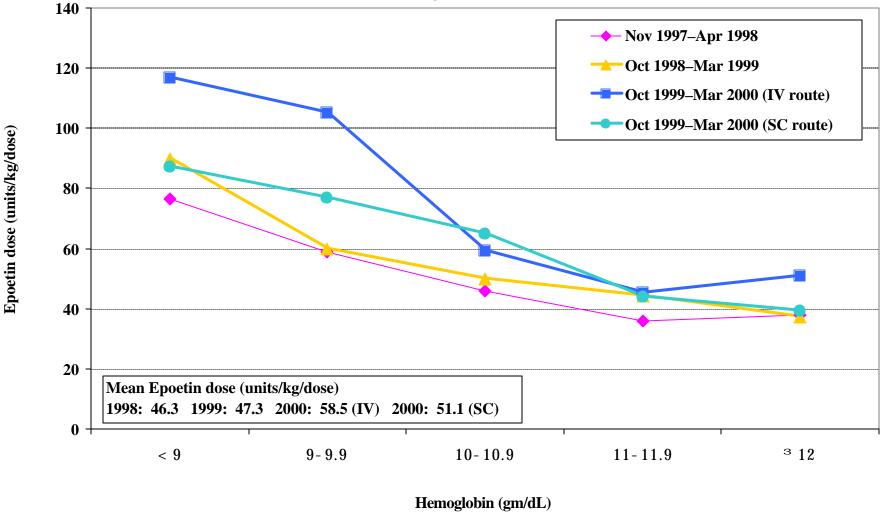




Figure 42: Percent of adult (aged $^{\circ}$ 18 years) peritoneal dialysis patients who were prescribed Epoetin by hemoglobin category, October 1999-March 2000 compared to November 1997-April 1998 and October 1998-March 1999. 2000

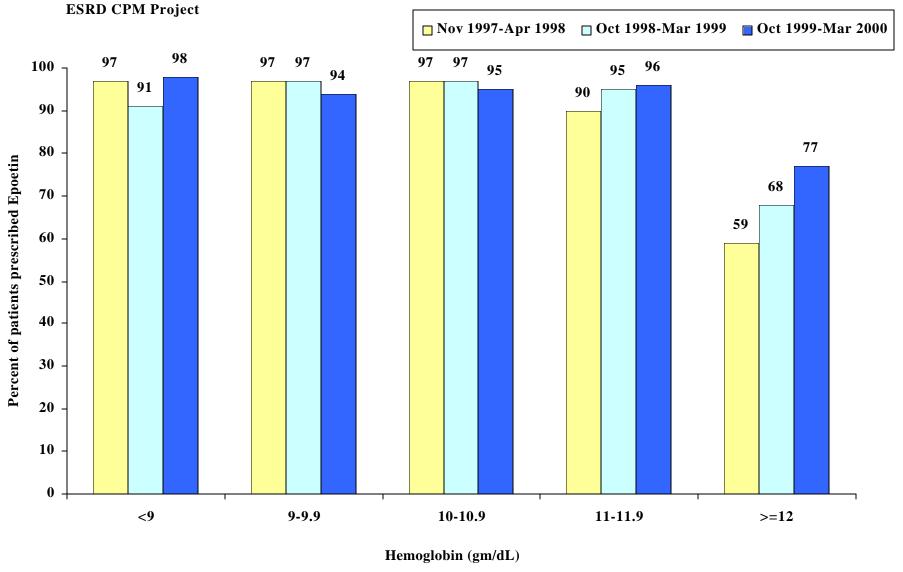
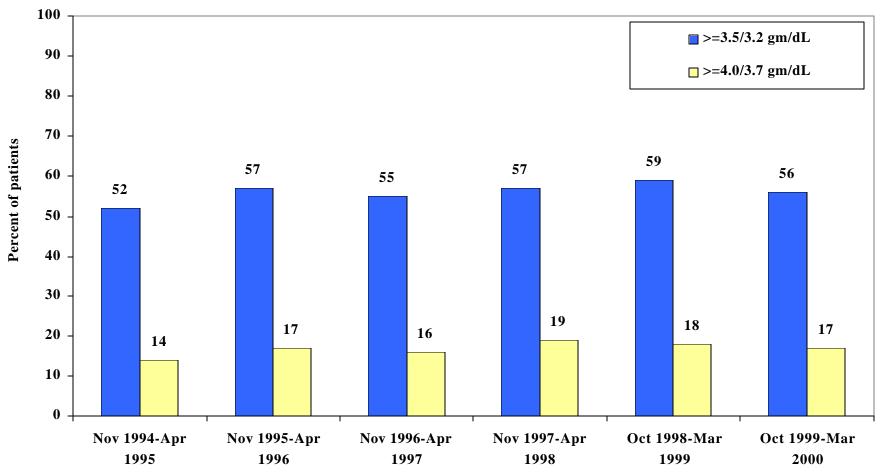




Figure 43: Percent of adult (aged 3 18 years) peritoneal dialysis patients with mean serum albumin 3 3.5/3.2 gm/dL (BCG/BCP)* and 3 4.0/3.7 gm/dL (BCG/BCP), October 1999-March 2000 compared to November 1994-April 1995, November 1995-April 1996, November 1996-April 1997, November 1997-April 1998, and October 1998-March 1999. 2000 ESRD CPM Project.



*Note: BCG = bromcresol green laboratory method; BCP = bromcresol purple

